Energy Mizer 295 Edwardia Drive Greensboro, NC 27409 Telephone: 800-627-5634

1. Identification

Product identifier	S-418
Chemical name Synonym(s)	FLUOSILICIC ACID HYDROFLUOROSILICIC ACID; HYDROFLUOSILICIC ACID
CAS number Chemical formula	16961-83-4 F6-Si.2H
Other means of identification Product code Recommended use Recommended restrictions	Not available. Laundry Soap Additive Professional Use Only
Chemical family Manufacturer Website E-Mail	Inorganic acid Refer to Supplier http://www.energymizer.net Not available.
Supplier information	
Company name Address Telephone	Energy Mizer 295 Edwardia Dr. Greensboro, NC, USA 27409 (800) 627 5634 (800)-627-5634
Emergency phone number	(000)-027-3034

2. Hazard(s) Identification

Clear, colorless liquid.

This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

:	
Physical hazards	This mixture does not meet the classification criteria according to OSHA Hazcom 2012
Health hazards	Acute Toxicity, oral - Category 4 Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not currently regulated by OSHA, refer to Section 12 for additional information.
OSHA defined hazards	This mixture does not meet the classification criteria according to OSHA Hazcom 2012
Label elements	
Signal Word	DANGER!
Hazard statement(s)	Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statement(s)	
Prevention	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

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Response	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.
	If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.
	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Storage	
eterage	Store locked up.
Dianocal	•
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise	Other hazards which do not result in classification:
Classified (HNOC)	May cause respiratory irritation. Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes.
Classified (HNOC)	may cause respiratory initiation. Durning produces obnoxicus and toxic functs.
Supplemental Information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture containing acids.

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	Concentration (%)		
Fluorosilicic acid	Hydrosilicofluoric acid	16961-83-4	50.00		
4. First-aid measures					
Inhalation	Immediately remove person to fresh air. In qualified medical personnel only. If breath Seek immediate medical attention/advice.	• •			
Skin contact	Wear appropriate protective equipment. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with gently flowing, running water for at least 20 minutes. Do not rub area of contact. Obtain medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated leather may require disposal.				
Eye contact	Wear appropriate protective equipment. F immediately flush eyes with running water present, DO NOT delay flushing or attemp Obtain medical attention immediately.	for at least 20 minutes t to remove the lens un	. If contact lens is til flushing is done.		
Ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an uncor Have victim rinse mouth with water, then g Seek immediate medical attention/advice.				
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include redness, pain, tearing and conjunctivitis. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, blistering, pain and swelling. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause severe burns to the mucous membranes of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations and bleeding. Prolonged exposure may cause skeletal fluorsis (weakend bone structure). Symptoms of Fluorosis include fragile bones, stiffness of the joints, osteosclerosis, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, dyspnea, salivation, abdominal pain, fever, paresthesias, nystagmus, optic neuritis, polyuria, stomatitis, albuminuria, nettle rash, skin, tooth and kidney damage and cardiac arrythmias. Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia. Prolonged exposure to fluoride dust, vapors or mists results in perforation of the nasal septum. Chronic effects include excessive calcification of the				
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	bones, ligaments and tendons. Immediate medical attention is required. C symptomatically.	auses chemical burns.	Treat		
General Information	None reported by the manufacturer.				

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Use media suitable to the surrounding fire such as water fog or fine spray, alcohol foams, carbon dioxide and dry chemical. May react with water. Use water spray with caution.
Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising	Use water spray with caution. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Not considered flammable. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to excess heat
from the chemical	or flame due to a build-up of internal pressure.
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply or any natural waterway. Dike for water control.
Specific methods	Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes.
General fire hazards	Not flammable.
Hazardous combustion products	
	Hydrogen fluorine gas .Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus. Refer to Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION, for additional information on acceptable personal protective equipment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of release. Stop the spill at source if it is safe to do so. Dike for water control. Dilute alkali with water and neutralize with acids (e.g. acetic acid/vinegar) Contain and absorb spilled liquid with non-combustible, inert absorbent material (e.g. sand), then place absorbent material into a container for later disposal (see Section 13). Notify the appropriate authorities as required.
Environmental precautions	Ensure spilled product does not enter drains, sewers, waterways, or confined spaces. If necessary, dike well ahead of the spill to prevent runoff into drains, sewers, or any natural waterway or drinking supply.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Refer to Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION, for additional information on acceptable personal protective equipment. Do not breathe fumes or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat and flame. Keep away from incompatibles. When diluting, always add the product to water. Never add water to the product. When

Conditions for safe storage,

dangerous. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Keep away from incompatibles. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of including any incompatibilities obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks. Do not freeze. Store in corrosion-resistant containers. Avoid contact with aluminum.

mixing with water, stir small amounts in slowly. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapour) and can be

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

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Biological limit values

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only in well-ventilated areas. Use general or local exhaust ventilation to maintain air concentrations below recommended exposure limits.
Individual protection measures, su	ich as personal protective equipment
Eye / face protection	Chemical splash goggles must be worn when handling this material. A full face shield may also be necessary.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Impervious gloves must be worn when using this product. Advice should be sought from glove suppliers.
	An eyewash station and safety shower should be made available in the immediate working area. Other equipment may be required depending on workplace standards.
Other	
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection is required if the concentrations exceed the TLV. NIOSH-approved respirators are recommended. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used in emergency situations or instances where exposure levels are not known. Seek advice from respiratory protection specialists. Respirators should be selected based on the form and concentration of contaminants in air, and in accordance with OSHA (29 CFR 1910.134) or CSA Z94.4-02.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Do not breathe fumes or mists. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not eat, drink, smoke or use cosmetics while working with this product. Upon completion of work, wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or use of toilet facilities. Remove soiled clothing and wash it thoroughly before reuse.
9. Physical and chemical prop	erties
Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Form	Clear liquid.
Color	Clear, colorless.
Odor	Pungent odor.
Odor threshold	Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Melting point /freezing point

рΗ

	105°C (220°F)
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	N/Av
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Lower flammability/explosive limit	Not applicable.
Upper flammability/explosive limit	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	24 mmHg @ 25°C
Vapour density	
	3.5
Relative density	1.23 @ 15.6°C
Solubility(ies)	
Other solubility(ies)	Not available.
Solubility (water)	Very soluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.

1.0

-18 to -20°C (-1 to -4°F)

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	Telephone: 800-6
Auto-ignition temperature	N/Ap
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity Other information	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	None known.
Specific gravity	1.23 @ 15.6°C
Critical temperature	Not applicable.
	N/Av
Volatilities %	Not available.
Other physical/chemical data	None known or reported by the manufacturer.
physica, chemical auta	
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	Not normally reactive.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
reactions	Avoid boat and once flame. Keen away from incompatibles
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat and open flame. Keep away from incompatibles. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid contact with water.
Incompatible materials	Plastic glass ;Oxidizing agents.; Bases
Hazardous decomposition	None known, refer to hazardous combustion products in Section 5.
products	
11. Toxicological information	
<u> </u>	
Information on likely routes of exposi-	sure
Routes of entry inhalation	YES
Routes of entry skin & eye	YES
Routes of entry Ingestion	YES
Routes of exposure skin	NO
	NO
absorption	NO
absorption Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	NO May cause severe irritation to the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include redness, pain, tearing and conjunctivitis. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, blistering, pain and swelling. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause severe burns to the mucous membranes of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations and bleeding. Prolonged exposure may cause skeletal fluorsis (weakend bone structure). Symptoms of Fluorosis include fragile bones, stiffness of the joints, osteosclerosis, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, dyspnea, salivation, abdominal pain, fever, paresthesias, nystagmus, optic neuritis, polyuria, stomatitis, albuminuria, nettle rash, skin, tooth and kidney damage and cardiac arrythmias. Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia. Prolonged exposure to fluoride dust, vapors or mists results in perforation of the nasal septum. Chronic effects include excessive calcification of the bones, ligaments and tendons.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and	May cause severe irritation to the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include redness, pain, tearing and conjunctivitis. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, blistering, pain and swelling. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause severe burns to the mucous membranes of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations and bleeding. Prolonged exposure may cause skeletal fluorsis (weakend bone structure). Symptoms of Fluorosis include fragile bones, stiffness of the joints, osteosclerosis, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, dyspnea, salivation, abdominal pain, fever, paresthesias, nystagmus, optic neuritis, polyuria, stomatitis, albuminuria, nettle rash, skin, tooth and kidney damage and cardiac arrythmias. Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia. Prolonged exposure to fluoride dust, vapors or mists results in perforation of the nasal septum. Chronic effects include excessive calcification of the bones, ligaments and tendons.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause severe irritation to the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include redness, pain, tearing and conjunctivitis. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, blistering, pain and swelling. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause severe burns to the mucous membranes of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations and bleeding. Prolonged exposure may cause skeletal fluorsis (weakend bone structure). Symptoms of Fluorosis include fragile bones, stiffness of the joints, osteosclerosis, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, dyspnea, salivation, abdominal pain, fever, paresthesias, nystagmus, optic neuritis, polyuria, stomatitis, albuminuria, nettle rash, skin, tooth and kidney damage and cardiac arrythmias. Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia. Prolonged exposure to fluoride dust, vapors or mists results in perforation of the nasal septum. Chronic effects include excessive calcification of the bones, ligaments and tendons.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause severe irritation to the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include redness, pain, tearing and conjunctivitis. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, blistering, pain and swelling. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause severe burns to the mucous membranes of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations and bleeding. Prolonged exposure may cause skeletal fluorsis (weakend bone structure). Symptoms of Fluorosis include fragile bones, stiffness of the joints, osteosclerosis, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, dyspnea, salivation, abdominal pain, fever, paresthesias, nystagmus, optic neuritis, polyuria, stomatitis, albuminuria, nettle rash, skin, tooth and kidney damage and cardiac arrythmias. Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia. Prolonged exposure to fluoride dust, vapors or mists results in perforation of the nasal septum. Chronic effects include excessive calcification of the bones, ligaments and tendons.

Components	Species	Test Results
Fluorosilicic acid		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	N/Av
inhalation		
LC50	Rat	N/Av
Oral		
LD50	Rat	430 mg/kg
Skin Corrosion/Irritation		/Irritation - Category 1 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Skin ause numbness or slight tingling, blisters, burns and possibly permanent
Serious eye damage/Irritation	Serious eye da	mage/eye irritation - Category 1. Causes serious eye damage.
		y include severe pain, blurred vision, redness and corrosive damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not expected	to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not expected t	o be mutagenic in humans.
Carcinogenicity	No component	s are listed as carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA or NTP.
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carc	inogenicity
Fluorosilicic acid(CAS 1	6961-83-4)	Group 3 (Not Classifiable)
Reproductive toxicity	Not expected t	o have other reproductive effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	The substance exposure.	or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	The substance exposure.	or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated
Chronic effects	exposure may Fluorosis incluo nausea, vomitir nystagmus, opt kidney damage possibly causin mists results in	ontact with low concentrations may cause dermatitis. Prolonged cause skeletal fluorsis (weakend bone structure). Symptoms of de fragile bones, stiffness of the joints, osteosclerosis, loss of appetite, ng, dyspnea, salivation, abdominal pain, fever, paresthesias, tic neuritis, polyuria, stomatitis, albuminuria, nettle rash, skin, tooth and e and cardiac arrythmias. Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels ig fatal hypocalcemia. Prolonged exposure to fluoride dust, vapors or perforation of the nasal septum. Chronic effects include excessive the bones, ligaments and tendons.
Aspiration toxicity	This substance	e or mixture is not classified as an aspiration hazard.
Further information	None known o	r reported by the manufacturer.
12. Ecological information	n	
Ecotoxicity	The product sh where it can af	characteristics of this product have not been fully investigated. Nould not be allowed to enter drains or water courses, or be deposited fect ground or surface waters. arily associated with pH.
Ecotoxicity data:		

Ecotoxicity data:				
la una di suta	040.04		Toxicity to Fish	
Ingredients	CAS No	LC50 / 96h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor
Fluorosilicic acid	16961-83-4	50mg/L (Bluegill sunfish)	4mg/L (Rainbow trout)	None.

Ingredients	CAS No	Toxicity to Daphnia			
		EC50 / 48h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor	
Fluorosilicic acid	16961-83-4	43-122mg/L (Water flea)	8.9 mg/L (Water flea)	None.	
Ingredients	CAS No	CAS No Toxicity to Algae			
		EC50 / 96h or 72h	NOEC / 96h or 72h	M Factor	
Fluorosilicic acid	16961-83-4	43-122mg/L (Green algae)	50-200mg/L (Green algae)	None.	
Persistence and degradability					
	The methods f substances.	or determining biodegradab	ility are not applicable to inorgar	nic	
Bioaccumulation potential	No data is availat	ble on the product itself.			
<u>Components</u>	Partition co	pefficent n-octanol/ater (log	Kow) <u>Bioconcentratio</u>	n factor (BCF)	
Fluorosilicic acid (CAS 16961-83-4)	N/Av 53-58				
Mobility in soil	No data is ava	ilable on the product itself.			
Other adverse effects					
	No data is ava	ilable on the product itself.			
13. Disposal consideration					
Disposal instructions	Handle waste	according to recommendation	ons in Section 7.		
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, provincial and local regulations. Contact your local, state, provincial or federal environmental agency for specific rules.				
Hazardous waste code	If this product, as supplied, becomes a waste in the United States, it may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA, Title 40 CFR 261. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the proper waste identification and disposal method. For disposal of unused or waste material, check with local, state and federal environmental agencies.				
Waste from residues / unused products					
Contaminated packaging					
14. Transport information					

TDG	
UN Number	UN1778
UN proper shipping name	FLUOROSILICIC ACID
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	6.1
Subsidiary ris	none
Packaging group	II
Special precautions for user	May be shipped as LIMITED QUANTITY when transported in containers no larger than 1.0 Litre, in packages not exceeding 30 kg gross mass. Under the TDGR, refer to Section 1.17 for additional exemption information, if shipping under this exemption.
49CFR/DOT	
UN Number	UN1778
UN proper shipping name	FLUOROSILICIC ACID

Transport hazard class(es)							
Class	6.1						
Subsidiary ris							
Packaging group	П						
Special precautions for user	r May be shipped as a Limited quantity when transported in containers no larger 4.0 L (1.0 gallon) for liquids or 5.0 kg (11 pounds) for solids, in packages not exceeding 30 kg (66 pounds) gross mass.						
General information	None reported b	y the manufacture	r.				
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not available.						
15. Regulatory information							
US Federal Information: Components listed below are present	Classes: Immed EPA has establish The current thre whichever is low other hazardous	iate (Acute) health shed threshold qua sholds are 500 poi rer, for extremely h chemicals.	hazard . Under SAR antities for the reportin unds for the threshold azardous substances	is, 40 CFR 370 Hazard A Sections 311 and 312, the g of hazardous chemicals. planning quantity (TPQ), and 10,000 pounds for all			
	TSCA	CERCLA	SARA TITLE III: Sec. 302,	SARA TITLE III: Sec. 313, 40 CFR 372, Specific Toxic Chemical			

		TSCA	CERCLA Reportable	Sec. 302, Extremely Hazardous Substance, 40 CFR 355:	372, Specific Toxic Chemical		
<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS # Inven	Inventory	Quantity(RQ) (40 CFR 117.302):		Toxic Chemical	de minimus Concentration	
Fluorosilicic acid	16961-83-4	Yes	N/Ap	N/Av	No	N/Ap	

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard -	Yes
	Delayed Hazard -	No
	Fire Hazard -	No
	Pressure Hazard -	No
	Reactivity Hazard -	No

US state regulations

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual States:

Ingredients CAS #		Californi	State "Right to Know" Lists						
		Listed	Type of Toxicity	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Fluorosilicic acid	16961-83-4	No	N/Ap	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No

Canadian Information:

Refer to Section 2 for a WHMIS Classification for this product. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) information: All ingredients listed appear on the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) information: All ingredients listed appear on the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

International Inventories

Components listed below are present on the following International Inventory lists:

	1	1	1					
<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS #	European EINECs	Australia AICS	Philippines PICCS	Japan ENCS	Korea KECI/KECL	China IECSC	NewZealand IOC
Fluorosilicic acid	16961-83-4	241-034-8	No information available.	No information available.	(1)-316	KE-18550	Present	HSR004495

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	06/08/2015							
Version #	1							
Legend	ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists							
	CA: California							
	CAS: Chemical Abstract Services							
	CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act							
	of 1980 CEB: Code of Enderal Regulations							
	CFR: Code of Federal Regulations CSA: Canadian Standards Association							
	DOT: Department of Transportation							
	EPA: Environmental Protection Agency							
	HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System							
	HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank							
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer							
	IATA: International Air Transport Association							
	ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation							
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods							
	Inh: Inhalation							
	LC: Lethal Concentration							
	LD: Lethal Dose							
	MA: Massachusetts							
	MN: Minnesota							
	N/Ap: Not Applicable							
	N/Av: Not Available NFPA: National Fire Protection Association							
	NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health							
	NJ: New Jersey							
	NTP: National Toxicology Program							
	OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration							
	PA: Pennsylvania							
	PEL: Permissible exposure limit							
	RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act							
	RI: Rhode Island							
	RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances							
	SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act							
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit							
	TDG: Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act & Regulations TLV: Threshold Limit Values							
	TWA: Time Weighted Average							
	WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Identification System							
Other special considerations for								
	: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.							
HMIS Rating								
	Health: *2 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 1							
NFPA Rating	0 - Minimal 1 - Slight 2 - Moderate 3 - Serious 4 - Severe							
	: Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Instability: 1 Special Hazards: None.							
Disclaimer	Prepared by: ICC The Compliance Center Inc.							
	http://www.thecompliancecenter.com							
	<u>napariti na </u>							
	This Safety Data Sheet was prepared by ICC The Compliance Center Inc. using							
	information provided by Energy Mizer and CCOHS' Web Information Service. The							
	information in the Safety Data Sheet is offered for your consideration and guidance							

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when exposed to this product. ICC The Compliance Center Inc and Energy Mizer. expressly disclaim all expressed or implied warranties and assume no responsibilities for the accuracy or completeness of the data contained herein. The data in this SDS does not apply to use with any other product or in any other process.

This Safety Data Sheet may not be changed, or altered in any way without the expressed knowledge and permission of ICC The Compliance Center Inc. and Energy Mizer.

Bibliography

Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety, CCInfoWeb Databases, 2015 (Chempendium, RTECs, HSDB, INCHEM). European Chemicals Agency, Classification Legislation, 2015 Material Safety Data Sheet from manufacturer OECD- The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances - eChemPortal, 2015